Kansas Economic Databook

A summary of regional economic indicators for the state of Kansas



NOVEMBER 20, 2019

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of KANSAS CITY

SUMMARY OF CURRENT KANSAS ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

In Kansas, the unemployment rate was 3.1 percent in October, and total payroll employment grew 1.3 percent compared to the previous year. Employment growth was broad-based across industries, with the strongest gains in the other services and leisure and hospitality sectors. Kansas nominal personal income grew 3.8 percent in the second quarter of 2019 compared to the previous year, with workplace earnings up 3.3 percent. Home prices increased 4.5 percent in the second quarter of 2019 compared to a year ago, while single-family and multifamily permits recorded a -15.5 and -18.5 percent change, respectively, year-to-date through September 2019. In August 2019, crude oil production was down 8.4 percent over last year. Kansas exports were 2.7 percent higher in the third quarter of 2019 compared to the same period in 2018.

This databook provides current economic indicators to help monitor trends and allow comparison of past information. These indicators include: employment; employment by industry; county and state unemployment; personal income; home prices; housing indicators; manufacturing activity; oil, gas and coal production; and exports. These indicators can be found on the following pages.



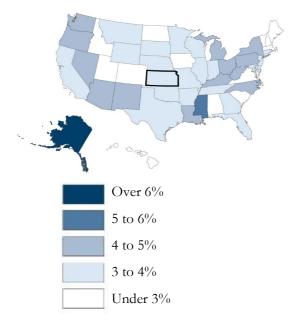
Jason Brown is a Research and Policy Officer, Economist, and Regional Executive at the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City. In this role, Brown is the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City's regional economist in Kansas and Missouri. He is responsible for briefing the Kansas City Fed's President on the economy in these states and the Tenth District.

Unemployment Rates

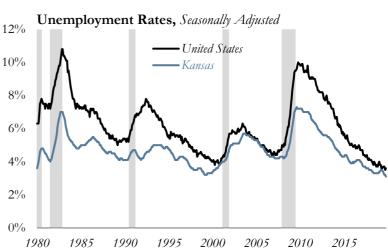
Seasonally Adjusted

October 2019 Unemployment Rates

Seasonally Adjusted



October 2019				
	United States	Kansas		
Unemployment Rate	3.6%	3.1%		
Unemployment Rate, Last Year	3.8%	3.3%		



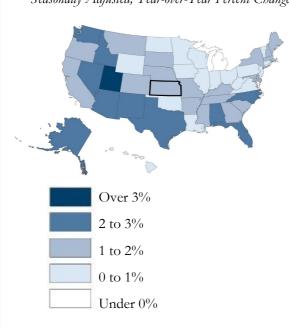
Note: Gray bars indicate recession.

Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted

October 2019 Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



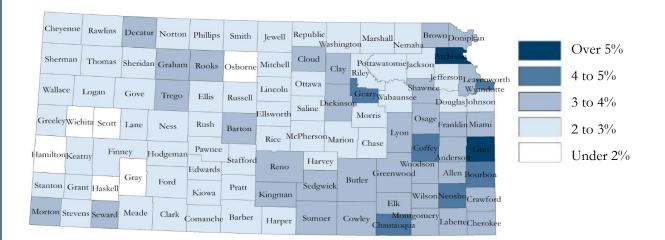
October 2019				
United States Kansas				
Jobs (Thousands)	151,945.0	1,437.8		
Change from Last Year	1.4%	1.3%		

Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change 8% 6% 4% 2% 0%-2% -4% United States **-** Kansas -6% -8% 1985 2000 1980 1990 1995 2005 2010 2015 Note: Gray bars indicate recession.

September 2019 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

Seasonally Adjusted

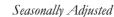


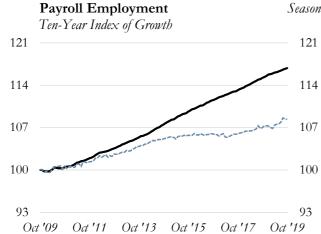
		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
	TT '. 10	1 0		- 22	C1 1	1 0	
	United States	3.5%	164,039.0	23	Cherokee	3.3	10.2
	Kansas	3.2	1,483.9	24	Cloud	3.3	3.7
1	Atchison	5.5	7.0	25	Sumner	3.3	11.0
2	Linn	5.3	4.5	26	Barton	3.3	13.7
3	Neosho	4.7	6.0	27	Butler	3.2	32.3
4	Geary	4.4	11.3	28	Franklin	3.2	14.0
5	Coffey	4.4	3.7	29	Cowley	3.2	16.4
6	Bourbon	4.0	6.7	30	Clay	3.2	3.8
7	Wyandotte	4.0	78.7	31	Shawnee	3.2	92.6
8	Chautauqua	4.0	1.4	32	Greenwood	3.2	3.2
9	Elk	4.0	1.1	33	Reno	3.2	29.4
10	Wilson	3.9	3.9	34	Morton	3.1	1.1
11	Montgomery	3.8	14.7	35	Kingman	3.1	3.5
12	Crawford	3.8	18.6	36	Decatur	3.1	1.3
13	Woodson	3.8	1.6	37	Miami	3.1	17.7
14	Allen	3.6	6.4	38	Seward	3.1	9.6
15	Dickinson	3.6	8.8	39	Doniphan	3.1	4.2
16	Labette	3.6	10.1	40	Graham	3.1	1.1
17	Osage	3.5	8.1	41	Trego	3.0	1.4
18	Sedgwick	3.4	248.9	42	Brown	3.0	5.4
19	Rooks	3.4	2.6	43	Lane	3.0	0.8
20	Anderson	3.4	4.2	44	Wabaunsee	3.0	3.7
21	Leavenworth	3.4	37.1	45	Saline	2.9	30.3
22	Lyon	3.4	16.7	46	Jefferson	2.9	10.4

September 2019 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

		Percent	Labor Force			Percent	Labor Force
		Unemployed	(Thousands)			Unemployed	(Thousands)
47	Jackson	2.9	7.4	77	Republic	2.5	2.3
48	Nemaha	2.9	5.4	78	Comanche	2.5	0.9
49	Marshall	2.8	5.5	79	Smith	2.4	2.1
50	Harvey	2.8	17.0	80	Stevens	2.4	2.6
51	Douglas	2.8	65.3	81	Sheridan	2.4	1.5
52	Ellsworth	2.8	2.7	82	Kiowa	2.4	1.3
53	Pawnee	2.8	2.9	83	Clark	2.4	1.1
54	Russell	2.8	3.3	84	Wallace	2.4	0.8
55	Marion	2.8	6.1	85	Lincoln	2.3	1.7
56	Riley	2.8	35.4	86	Finney	2.3	21.0
57	Rice	2.7	5.2	87	Cheyenne	2.3	1.3
58	Ottawa	2.7	3.0	88	Logan	2.3	1.6
59	Pottawatomie	2.7	12.3	89	McPherson	2.2	17.1
60	Grant	2.7	3.2	90	Pratt	2.2	4.9
61	Stafford	2.6	2.0	91	Norton	2.2	2.7
62	Sherman	2.6	2.9	92	Ellis	2.2	17.0
63	Johnson	2.6	341.7	93	Rawlins	2.2	1.5
64	Morris	2.6	3.0	94	Stanton	2.2	1.0
65	Jewell	2.6	1.3	95	Kearny	2.2	2.1
66	Edwards	2.6	1.5	96	Thomas	2.1	4.4
67	Barber	2.6	2.3	97	Gove	2.1	1.5
68	Rush	2.6	1.6	98	Mitchell	2.1	3.4
69	Ford	2.6	17.2	99	Meade	2.1	2.3
70	Phillips	2.6	2.7	100	Gray	2.0	3.3
71	Washington	2.5	2.9	101	Scott	2.0	2.9
72	Ness	2.5	1.3	102	Haskell	1.9	2.3
73	Greeley	2.5	0.8	103	Wichita	1.9	1.5
74	Hodgeman	2.5	1.0	104	Hamilton	1.8	1.6
75	Harper	2.5	2.9	105	Osborne	1.7	2.1
76	Chase	2.5	1.5				

Payroll Employment



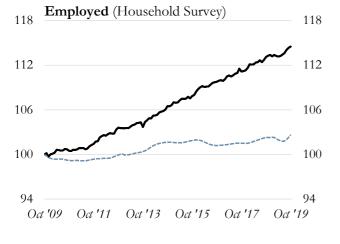


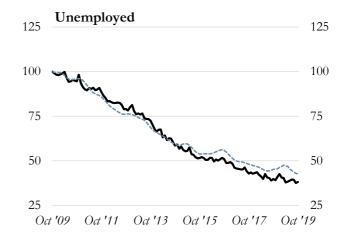


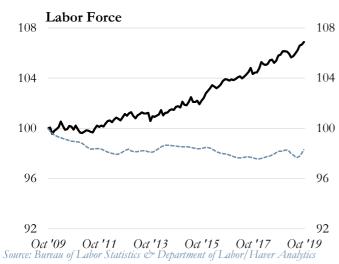
October 2019				
	United States	Kansas		
Jobs (Thousands)	151,945.0	1,437.8		
Change from Last Year	2,093.0	18.1		
(Thousands)				
Share of U.S. Employm	nent	0.9%		

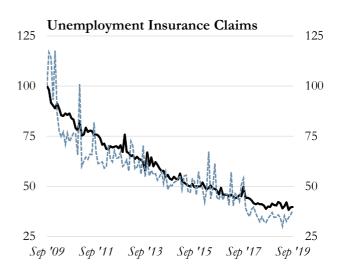
Labor Force Dynamics

Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted





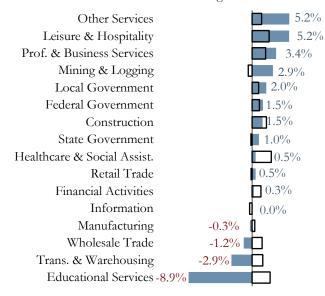


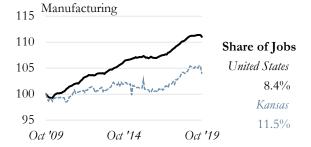


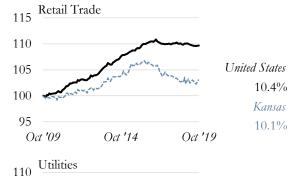
Payroll Employment by Industry

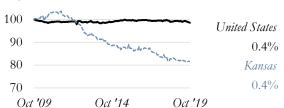
Seasonally Adjusted

October 2019 Percent Change Year-over-Year



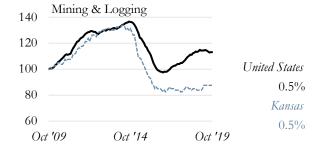












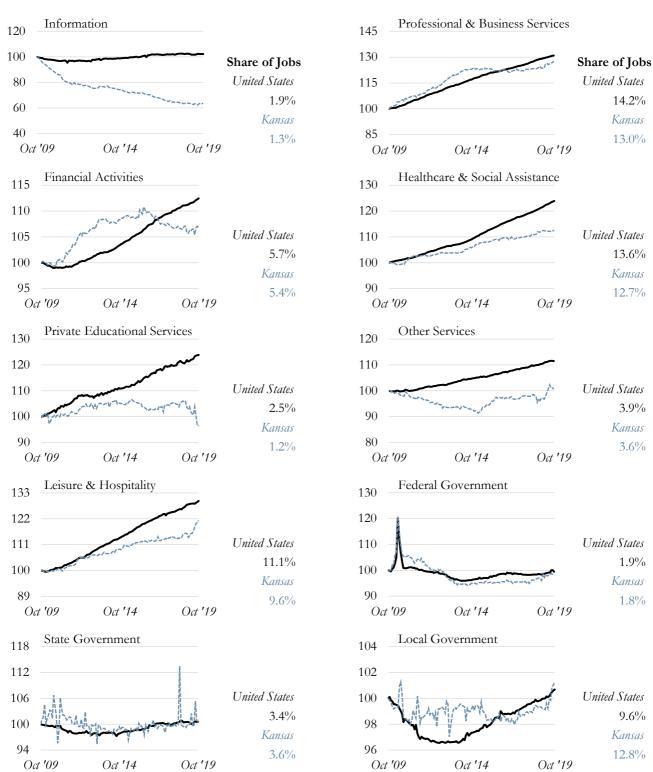




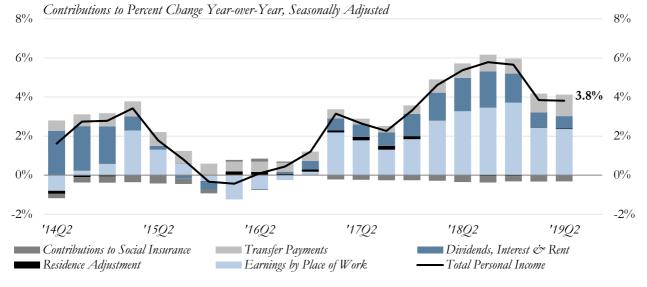
United States

--- Kansas





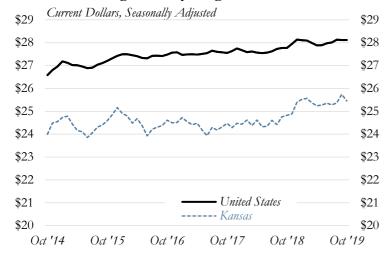
Kansas Nominal Personal Income Growth



2019Q2	Percent Change Year-over-Year		Share of Personal Income	
	United States	Kansas	United States	Kansas
Total Personal Income	4.9%	3.8%		
Earnings by Place of Work	5.0%	3.3%	70.3%	70.6%
Social Insurance Contributions*	-5.3%	-4.1%	-7.6%	-7.8%
Residence Adjustment		2.5%		1.0%
Dividends, Interest & Rent	3.6%	3.1%	20.4%	20.0%
Transfer Payments	6.6%	7.0%	17.0%	16.2%

^{*}Subtracted from personal income.

Real Average Hourly Wage

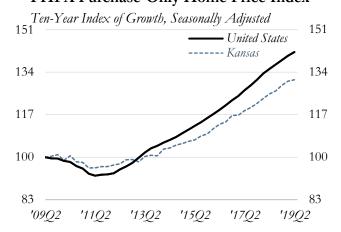


October 2019				
Average	United States	Kansas		
Hourly Wage	\$25.45			
Real Change from Last Month Last Year	0.0% 1.2%	-1.1% 2.5%		

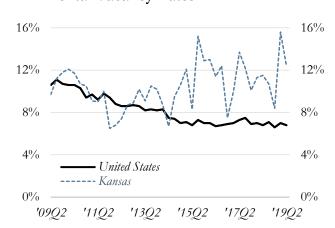
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis & Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

SELECTED HOUSING INDICATORS

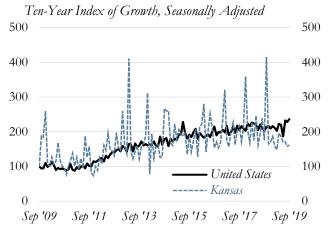
FHFA Purchase-Only Home Price Index



Rental Vacancy Rates



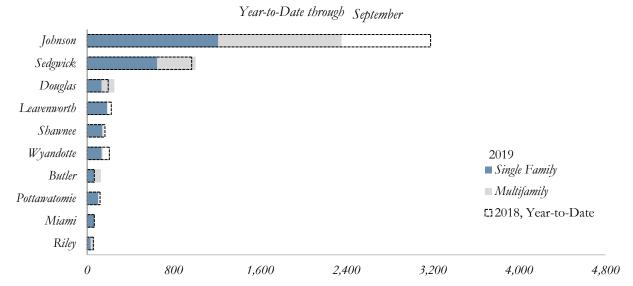
Housing Permits



Summary Statistics				
United States	Kansas			
5.0%	4.5%			
6.8%	12.4%			
-2.6%	-15.5%			
9.0%	-18.5%			
	United States 5.0% 6.8%			

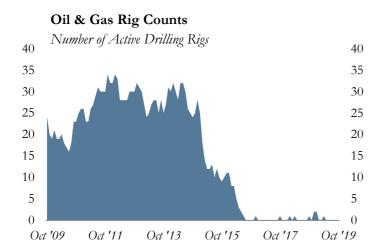
^{*}Percent change year-over-year.

Top 10 Kansas Counties for Permit Activity



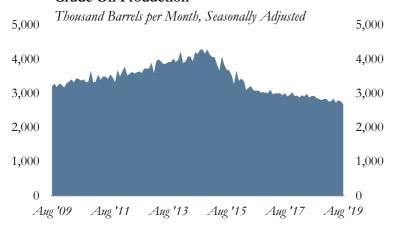
Source: Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) & Census Bureau/Haver Analytics

Kansas Energy Activity



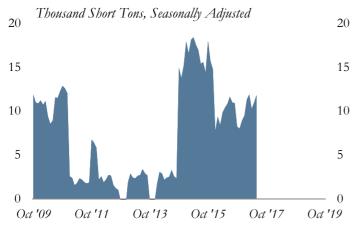
О	ctober 2019	
	United States	Kansas
Rig Count	848	0
Change from		
Last Month	-30	0
Last Year	-215	-1
Share of U.S.	Activity	0.0%

Crude Oil Production



Au	gust 2019	
U	Inited States	Kansas
Production	376,886	2,683
Change from		
Last Month	3.7%	-2.9%
Last Year	8.8%	-8.4%
Share of U.S. A	ctivity	0.7%

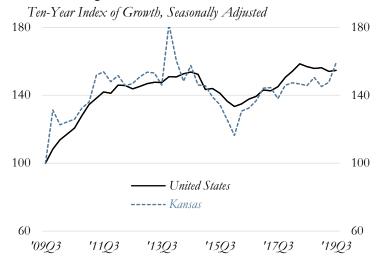
Coal Production



October 2019				
	United States	Kansas		
Production	54,289	0		
Change from				
Last Month	-5.2%	N/A		
Last Year	-13.7%	N/A		
Share of U.S.	Activity	0.0%		

Source: Baker Hughes & Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration/Haver Analytics

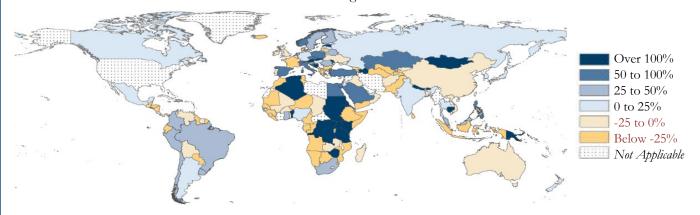
Global Exports



2019	Q3	
	United States	Kansas
Exports (Millions)	\$411,596.6	\$3,123.0
Change from		
Last Quarter	0.4%	7.8%
Last Year (year-to-date)	-1.0%	2.7%
Share of U.S. Activity		0.8%

2018			
Exports as a	United States	Kansas	
Percent of GDP	8.1%	6.9%	

Kansas Exports Year-to-Date through 2019Q3 Percent Change Year-over-Year



Top	Markets	Share
1	Mexico	18.5%
2	Canada	16.7
3	Japan	9.0
4	China*	8.1
5	Germany	4.6
6	United Kingdom	4.0
7	South Korea	3.5
8	Singapore	3.0
9	Brazil	2.1
10	France	2.0

^{*}China includes Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Macao.

Тор	Exports	Share
1	Transportation Equip.	23.3%
2	Food	20.6
3	Agriculture & Livestock	13.1
4	Machinery (Except Electrical)	9.2
5	Chemicals & Rare Earth Metals	8.1
6	Computers & Electronics	7.5
7	Special Class Provisions	4.6
8	Plastics & Rubber Products	2.9
9	Electronic Equip. & Appliances	2.6
10	Fabricated Metal Products	2.2

Source: Census Bureau, WISERTrade & Bureau of Economic Analysis/Haver Analytics

Pages 2 - 4: County unemployment rates typically lag state data releases by one month. Gray bars show recessionary periods as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The "official" and most commonly reported unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed workers divided by the total civilian labor force. These data are reported from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Population Survey, or commonly called the "Household" survey.

Page 2 and 5: Nonfarm employment data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Employment Survey are commonly called "Payroll" employment data. Estimates from this survey are revised throughout the year and a major revision or "benchmark" of the data occurs in March of each year. "Payroll" and "Household" surveys are released monthly, providing the most current estimates of employment published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Because methodologies differ between surveys, employment estimates also differ. For more information, visit: http://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces_cps_trends.pdf Initial claims show monthly applications for initial claims for state unemployment insurance benefits.

Pages 6 and 7: Payroll employment by industry is shown for each of the major two-digit North American Industrial Classification System industries.

Page 8: Personal income provides a measure of all income received by residents of a given geographic area. Data shown are in nominal terms (not adjusted for inflation). Transfer payments include social benefits such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. Contributions to social insurance are subtracted from personal income. These contributions include taxes paid by businesses and employees that support social insurance programs such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. The residence adjustment adds income received outside of a recipient's state of residence and makes a corresponding subtraction from the area where this income was earned or received. Real average hourly wages are calculated as total earnings divided by total employment for a given geographic area. Data are adjusted for inflation using the consumer price index for all urban areas (CPI-U) and are indexed to the most current month of data.

Page 9: Home price indices estimate regional growth in home values based on repeat sales data for detached single family residential properties. Monthly single and multifamily housing permits data are not revised, and therefore, may not sum to published year-end totals.

Page 10: The active rig count is the number of rigs actively exploring for or developing oil or natural gas. Rig counts provide an indicator of new drilling activity and potential for expanded crude oil or natural gas production. Coal production is shown as production during a given month.

Page 11: Exports measure the total physical movement of a given product from the United States to a foreign country.

Data Revisions

Most data are revised periodically to correct for errors and incorporate additional information as it becomes available. Data shown in this report are subject to change.

Seasonal Adjustments

Most data are seasonally adjusted to remove variance caused by seasonal fluctuations in economic activity. Data in this report show the seasonal adjustments of data publishers where available. In other cases, Census X-12 adjustments were applied.

Regional Economic Analysis

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