THE Missouri Economic Databook

A summary of regional economic indicators for the state of Missouri

AUGUST 3, 2020

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of KANSAS CITY

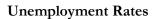
SUMMARY OF CURRENT MISSOURI ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The unemployment rate in Missouri ended the second quarter of 2020 at 7.9 percent, but reached 10.2 percent in April, its highest level since the early 1980s. Total payroll employment declined by 209,000 relative to year-ago levels, with the service industry bearing the majority of job losses. Leisure & hospitality and professional & business services were the sectors most affected. In the housing sector, the state has seen increases in permits for both single family and multifamily homes led by Jackson and St. Charles counties. The 39.4 percent increase in multifamily permits contrasts with pervasive declines in permitting activity across the Tenth District.

This databook provides current economic indicators to help monitor trends and allow comparison of past information. The 2020 quarter two databook is the first look at these indicators following the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, which include employment; employment by industry; county and state unemployment; personal income; home prices; housing indicators; manufacturing activity; oil, gas and coal production; and exports. These indicators can be found on the following pages.



Jason Brown is a Research and Policy Officer and Economist at the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City. In this role, Brown is the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City's regional economist in Kansas and Missouri. He is responsible for briefing the Kansas City Fed's President on the economy in these states and the Tenth District.

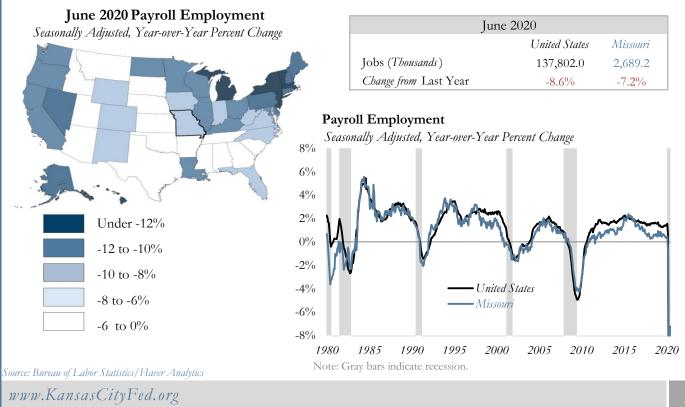


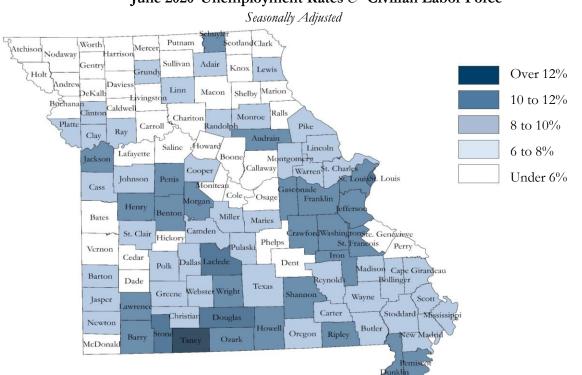
Seasonally Adjusted



Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted





June 2020	Unemployment	Rates de	Civilian	Labor Force

		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
	United States	11.1%	159,932	19	Shannon	8.2	3.2
	Missouri	7.9	3,020	20	Franklin	8.2	51.6
1	Taney	15.9	26.3	21	Crawford	8.0	10.8
2	Douglas	11.9	5.3	22	Pettis	8.0	21.3
3	Stone	11.7	12.9	23	Jefferson	8.0	113.9
4	Laclede	11.7	17.2	24	Pemiscot	8.0	6.4
5	St. Louis (City)	11.3	152.0	25	Audrain	8.0	10.8
6	Morgan	9.7	8.0	26	Iron	7.9	3.5
7	Barry	9.1	16.0	27	Henry	7.9	9.8
8	Ozark	8.9	3.4	28	Lawrence	7.9	18.3
9	Washington	8.9	10.0	29	Howell	7.8	16.5
10	Ripley	8.8	5.0	30	Dunklin	7.6	11.4
11	Wright	8.7	7.6	31	Lincoln	7.6	27.5
12	Benton	8.6	7.1	32	Oregon	7.5	4.2
13	St. Francois	8.6	26.2	33	Dallas	7.5	7.0
14	Schuyler	8.5	2.0	34	Reynolds	7.5	2.8
15	St. Louis	8.5	517.3	35	St. Clair	7.3	3.8
16	Jackson	8.4	356.8	36	Clay	7.2	133.5
17	Camden	8.4	17.0	37	Maries	7.2	5.0
18	Gasconade	8.2	7.7	38	Greene	7.2	150.6

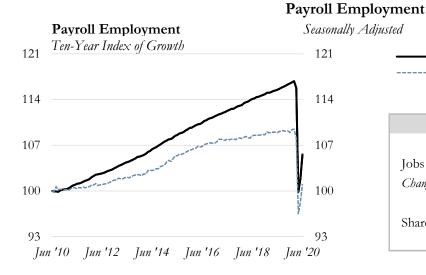
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
39	Warren	7.2	17.3	78	Hickory	5.6	3.7
40	Ray	7.1	10.8	79	Lafayette	5.5	16.4
41	Platte	7.0	57.5	80	Madison	5.5	7.4
42	St. Charles	7.0	218.0	81	Ste. Genevieve	5.5	8.4
43	Pulaski	6.9	14.5	82	Callaway	5.5	20.8
44	Jasper	6.9	56.8	83	Putnam	5.4	2.3
45	Webster	6.8	17.2	84	Dade	5.4	3.6
46	Monroe	6.8	3.8	85	Cole	5.4	37.9
47	Wayne	6.8	4.9	86	Dent	5.3	6.2
48	Randolph	6.8	10.3	87	Perry	5.3	9.8
49	Miller	6.7	11.7	88	Boone	5.3	97.2
50	Pike	6.7	7.4	89	Mississippi	5.3	5.7
51	Christian	6.6	44.4	90	Shelby	5.3	3.1
52	Texas	6.5	8.8	91	Clark	5.1	3.2
53	Cape Girardeau	6.4	37.6	92	Saline	5.1	10.7
54	Clinton	6.4	10.5	93	Harrison	5.1	3.8
55	Butler	6.4	17.6	94	Moniteau	5.1	7.2
56	Johnson	6.4	23.4	95	Carroll	5.1	4.7
57	Cooper	6.4	7.3	96	Macon	5.0	10.6
58	Newton	6.3	27.2	97	Howard	4.9	4.8
59	Linn	6.2	5.0	98	Caldwell	4.9	4.3
60	Carter	6.2	2.5	99	Atchison	4.8	2.7
61	Cass	6.1	53.1	100	Vernon	4.7	9.4
62	Bollinger	6.0	5.1	101	Cedar	4.7	5.7
63	Scott	5.9	19.5	102	Andrew	4.5	9.5
64	New Madrid	5.9	8.4	103	Daviess	4.5	4.1
65	Lewis	5.9	5.0	104	Chariton	4.5	3.7
66	Polk	5.9	14.3	105	DeKalb	4.4	4.8
67	Adair	5.9	10.2	106	Nodaway	4.2	11.3
68	Marion	5.8	3.8	107	Worth	4.1	1.2
69	Stoddard	5.8	13.3	108	Osage	4.1	6.9
70	McDonald	5.8	14.3	109	Livingston	4.1	7.3
71	Ralls	5.7	5.6	110	Knox	3.9	1.8
72	Buchanan	5.7	43.4	111	Sullivan	3.9	2.7
73	Montgomery	5.7	5.8	112	Mercer	3.7	1.9
74	Grundy	5.6	4.5	113	Gentry	3.3	3.5
75	Phelps	5.6	19.6	114	Holt	3.3	2.6
76	Barton	5.6	5.2	115	Scotland	3.3	2.4
77	Bates	5.6	7.7	-			

June 2020 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

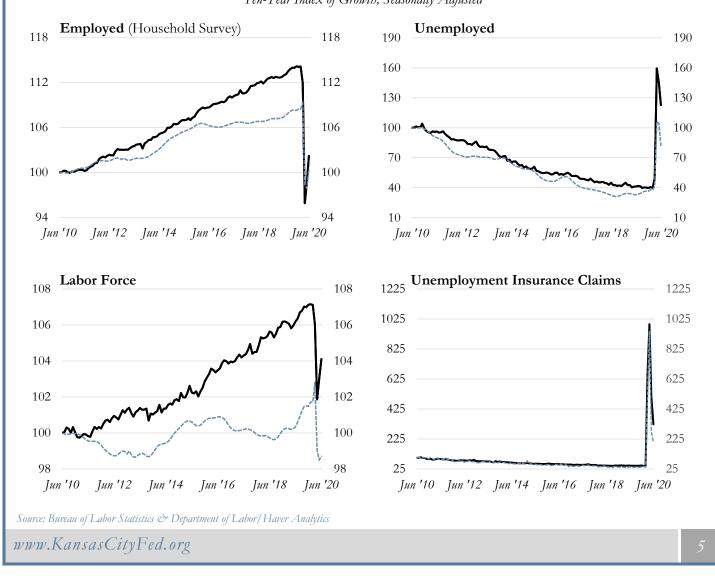
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

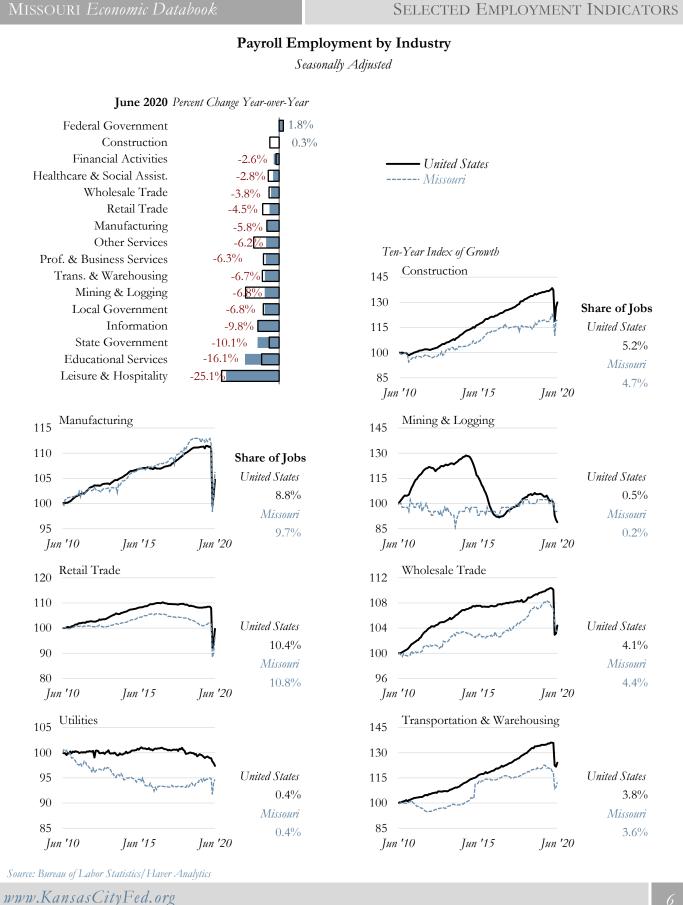
SELECTED EMPLOYMENT INDICATORS

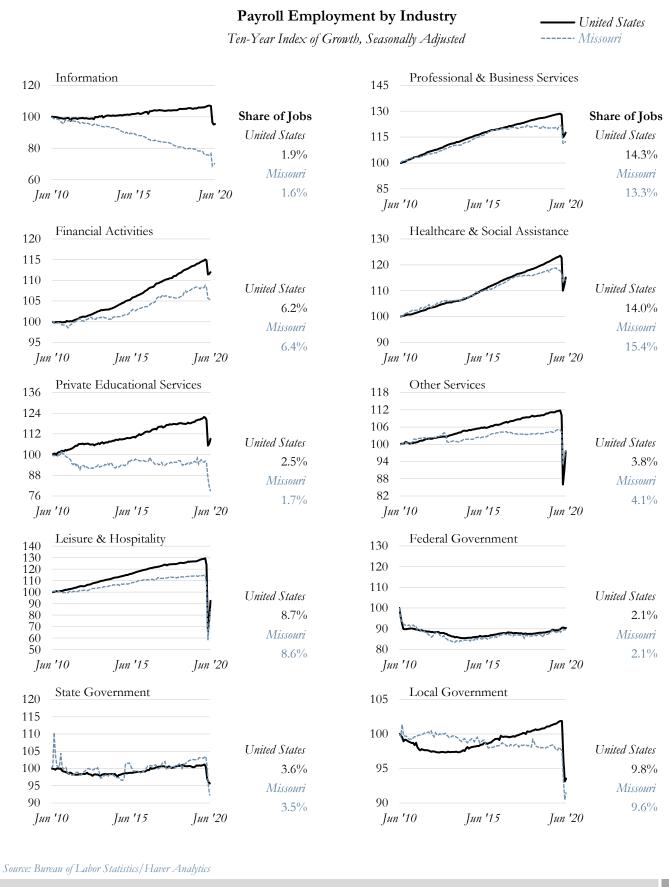


United States Missouri		
Jun	e 2020	
Jui	United States	Missouri
Jobs (Thousands)	137,802.0	2,689.2
Change from Last Year	(12,957.0)	-209.6
(Thousands)		

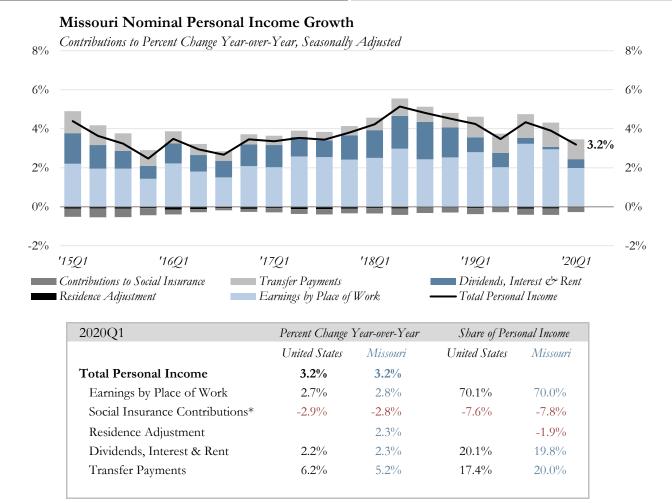
Labor Force Dynamics Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted



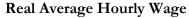


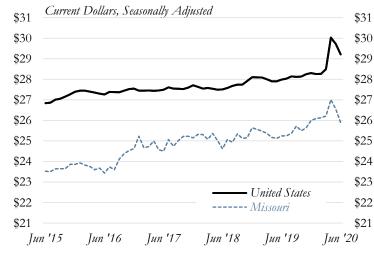


WAGE & INCOME INDICATORS



*Subtracted from personal income.

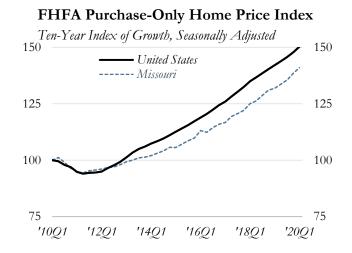




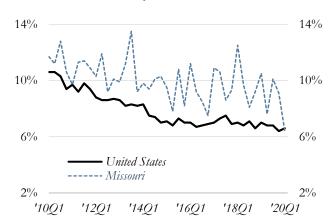
June 2020					
Average	United States	Missouri			
Hourly Wage	\$29.21	\$25.88			
Real Change from Last Month Last Year	7 -1.7% 4.4%	-2.5% 2.5%			

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis & Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

Housing Permits



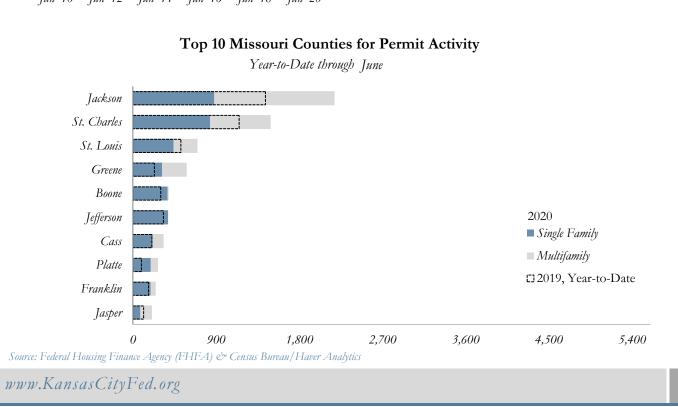
Rental Vacancy Rates



Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted 400 400 - United States - Missouri 300 300 200 200 100 100 0 0 Jun '10 Jun'12 Jun'14 Jun '16 Jun '18 Jun '20

Summary Statistics				
	United States	Missouri		
Prices (2020Q1)*	5.7%	6.9%		
Vacancy Rates (2020Q1)	6.6%	6.4%		
Permits (Year-to-Date)*				
Single Family	3.8%	11.4%		
Multifamily	-3.3%	39.4%		
~ ~				

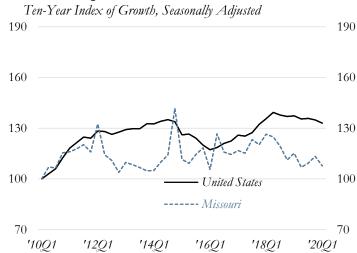
*Percent change year-over-year.



SELECTED HOUSING INDICATORS

SELECTED TRADE INDICATORS

Global Exports

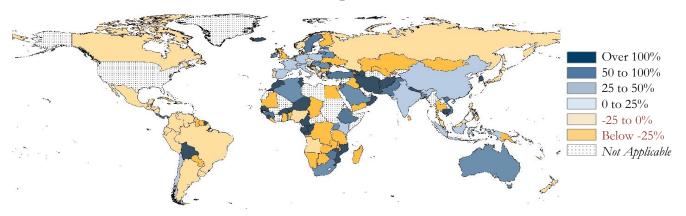


2020Q1					
	United States	Missouri			
Exports (Millions)	\$402,694.6	\$3,247.7			
Change from					
Last Quarter	-1.4%	-5.0%			
Last Year (year-to-date)	-3.2%	-6.5%			
Share of U.S. Activity		0.8%			

2019				
Exports as a	United States	Missouri		
Percent of GDP	7.7%	4.0%		

Missouri Exports Year-to-Date through 2020Q1

Percent Change Year-over-Year



Top Exports

1

2

Тор	Markets	Share
1	Canada	36.3%
2	Mexico	15.1
3	China*	5.3
4	South Korea	4.6
5	Germany	4.1
6	Japan	3.3
7	France	2.8
8	Netherlands	2.4
9	Brazil	2.2
10	United Kingdom	2.2

3 Food Machinery (Except Electrical) 4 5 Computers & Electronics 6 Electronic Equip. & Appliances 7 Fabricated Metal Products Agriculture & Livestock 8 Plastics & Rubber Products 9 Minerals & Ores 10

Chemicals & Rare Earth Metals

Transportation Equip.

*China includes Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Macao.

Source: Census Bureau, WISERTrade & Bureau of Economic Analysis/Haver Analytics

www.KansasCityFed.org

Share 23.2%

20.3

10.7

8.8

5.3

5.0

4.8

3.5

2.6

2.5

Pages 2 - 4: County unemployment rates typically lag state data releases by one month. Gray bars show recessionary periods as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The "official" and most commonly reported unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed workers divided by the total civilian labor force. These data are reported from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Population Survey, or commonly called the "Household" survey.

Page 5: Nonfarm employment data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Employment Survey are commonly called "Payroll" employment data. Estimates from this survey are revised throughout the year and a major revision or "benchmark" of the data occurs in March of each year. "Payroll" and "Household" surveys are released monthly, providing the most current estimates of employment published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Because methodologies differ between surveys, employment estimates also differ. For more information, visit:

http://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces_cps_trends.pdf

Initial claims show monthly applications for initial claims for state unemployment insurance benefits.

Pages 6 and 7: Payroll employment by industry is shown for each of the major two-digit North American Industrial Classification System industries.

Page 8: Personal income provides a measure of all income received by residents of a given geographic area. Data shown are in nominal terms (not adjusted for inflation). Transfer payments include social benefits such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. Contributions to social insurance are subtracted from personal income. These contributions include taxes paid by businesses and employees that support social insurance programs such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. The residence adjustment adds income received outside of a recipient's state of residence and makes a corresponding subtraction from the area where this income was earned or received. Real average hourly wages are calculated as total earnings divided by total employment for a given geographic area. Data are adjusted for inflation using the consumer price index for all urban areas (CPI-U) and are indexed to the most current month of data.

Page 9: Home price indices estimate regional growth in home values based on repeat sales data for detached single family residential properties. Monthly single and multifamily housing permits data are not revised and therefore may not sum to published year-end totals.

Page 10: Exports measure the total physical movement of a given product from the United States to a foreign country.

Data Revisions

Most data are revised periodically to correct for errors and incorporate additional information as it becomes available. Data shown in this report are subject to change.

Seasonal Adjustments

Most data are seasonally adjusted to remove variance caused by seasonal fluctuations in economic activity. Data in this report show the seasonal adjustments of data publishers where available. In other cases, Census X-12 adjustments were applied.

Regional Economic Analysis

Sign up to receive *The Missouri Economic Databook* and other publications each month via email using the link below: http://www.kansascityfed.org/ealert/

Additional Resources Available

- Agricultural Surveys
- Manufacturing Survey
- Energy Survey
- Regional Economic Analysis
- Speeches Visit: *nmw.KansasCityFed.org*
- Banker Resources
- Economic Indicators Economic Research
- Economic Research
 Educational Tools
- Educational Tools

Connect with the E Mu in M P