THE Nebraska Economic Databook

A summary of regional economic indicators for the state of Nebraska

FEBRUARY 8, 2021

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of KANSAS CITY

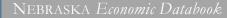
SUMMARY OF CURRENT NEBRASKA ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Nebraska ended the fourth quarter of 2020 with an unemployment rate of 3 percent, the lowest in the nation. Payroll employment is nearing pre-pandemic levels, though roughly 24,000 jobs have yet to be recovered. Despite the recent gains, employment in some industries was still less than in January of 2020. In particular, job losses in the leisure and hospitality industry have persisted. Conversely, healthcare and social assistance, financial activities, construction, wholesale trade and retail have experienced some employment growth relative to the previous year. As federal stimulus waned toward the end of the year, contributions to personal income from transfer payments declined, but this decrease was partially offset by increased earnings from work.

This databook provides current economic indicators to help monitor trends and allow comparison of past information. These indicators include employment; employment by industry; county and state unemployment; personal income; home prices; housing indicators; manufacturing activity; oil, gas and coal production; and exports. These indicators can be found on the following pages.



Nathan Kauffman is Vice President and Omaha Branch Executive. In this role, Kauffman is the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City's regional economist and lead officer in Nebraska. He is responsible for briefing the Kansas City Fed's President on the economy in Nebraska and the Tenth District.



Nebraska

2015

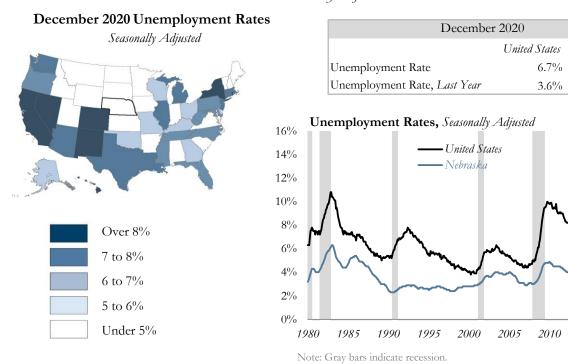
2020

3.0%

3.0%

Unemployment Rates

Seasonally Adjusted

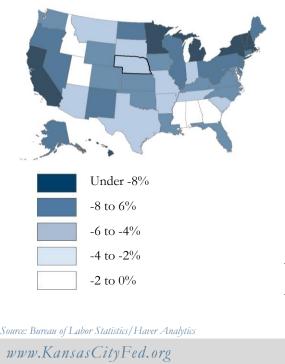


Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted

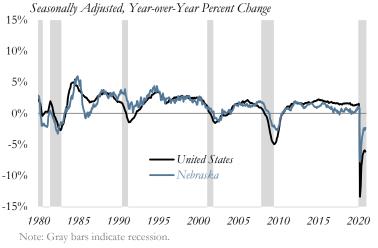
December 2020 Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



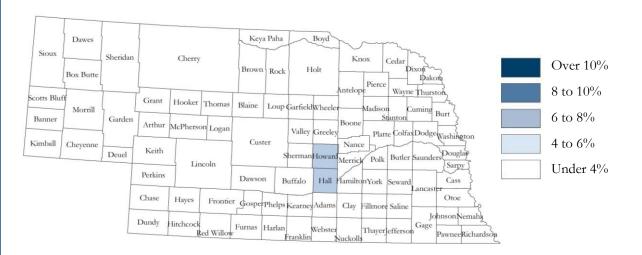
December 2020				
United States Nebraska				
Jobs (Thousands)	142,624.0	1,009.8		
Change from Last Year	-6.2%	-2.3%		

Payroll Employment



December 2020 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

Seasonally Adjusted



		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
	United States	6.7%	160,567.0	23	Adams	2.9	16.2
	Nebraska	3.0	1,036.8	24	Saunders	2.9	11.2
1	Howard	5.6	3.4	25	Gage	2.9	10.7
2	Hall	5.2	32.0	26	Dodge	2.9	20.2
3	Box Butte	3.9	5.3	27	Butler	2.8	4.5
4	Pierce	3.8	4.1	28	Webster	2.8	1.6
5	Douglas	3.8	301.7	29	Saline	2.8	7.2
6	Seward	3.7	9.1	30	Red Willow	2.7	5.8
7	Merrick	3.7	4.0	31	Hitchcock	2.7	1.3
8	Madison	3.7	19.3	32	Lincoln	2.7	18.1
9	Stanton	3.7	3.5	33	Dawes	2.7	4.8
10	Cheyenne	3.6	4.2	34	Keith	2.6	4.5
11	Thurston	3.5	2.9	35	Washington	2.6	11.3
12	Johnson	3.4	2.1	36	Nemaha	2.6	3.5
13	Lancaster	3.4	180.5	37	Banner	2.6	0.4
14	Franklin	3.3	1.5	38	Kimball	2.6	1.9
15	Cass	3.2	13.6	39	Arthur	2.6	0.2
16	Dakota	3.2	10.6	40	Morrill	2.6	2.6
17	Scotts Bluff	3.1	17.8	41	Dixon	2.5	3.0
18	Hamilton	3.1	4.7	42	Richardson	2.5	4.2
19	Burt	3.1	3.5	43	Buffalo	2.5	27.2
20	Garden	3.0	1.1	44	Deuel	2.5	1.0
21	Otoe	2.9	8.4	45	Nance	2.4	2.0
22	Sarpy	2.9	96.8	46	Platte	2.4	17.4
<u> </u>	Sarpy	2.7	20.0	τu	1 iatte	<i>2.</i> T	1/.4

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

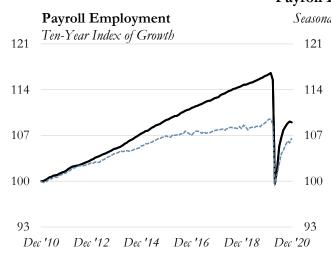
COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT

		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
47	Blaine	2.4	0.3	71	Valley	1.9	2.1
48	Sherman	2.4	1.6	72	Boone	1.9	2.9
49	Brown	2.4	1.4	73	Holt	1.8	5.8
50	York	2.4	7.1	74	Frontier	1.8	1.5
51	Wayne	2.3	5.5	75	Gosper	1.8	1.1
52	Thomas	2.3	0.4	76	Cuming	1.8	4.9
53	Dawson	2.3	13.1	77	McPherson	1.8	0.4
54	Colfax	2.3	5.5	78	Antelope	1.8	4.0
55	Knox	2.2	4.6	79	Nuckolls	1.8	2.5
56	Jefferson	2.2	4.1	80	Clay	1.8	3.2
57	Fillmore	2.2	3.1	81	Hayes	1.8	0.6
58	Cedar	2.2	4.5	82	Harlan	1.7	1.7
59	Furnas	2.1	2.6	83	Boyd	1.7	1.1
60	Kearney	2.1	3.7	84	Loup	1.6	0.4
61	Greeley	2.1	1.2	85	Logan	1.6	0.5
62	Pawnee	2.1	1.5	86	Sioux	1.6	0.8
63	Sheridan	2.0	2.6	87	Garfield	1.6	1.1
64	Hooker	2.0	0.4	88	Grant	1.5	0.4
65	Custer	2.0	6.3	89	Chase	1.4	2.3
66	Phelps	2.0	4.9	90	Wheeler	1.4	0.6
67	Polk	2.0	2.9	91	Rock	1.3	0.9
68	Dundy	1.9	1.2	92	Perkins	1.2	1.8
69	Cherry	1.9	3.3	93	Keya Paha	1.0	0.6
70	Thayer	1.9	2.8				

December 2020 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

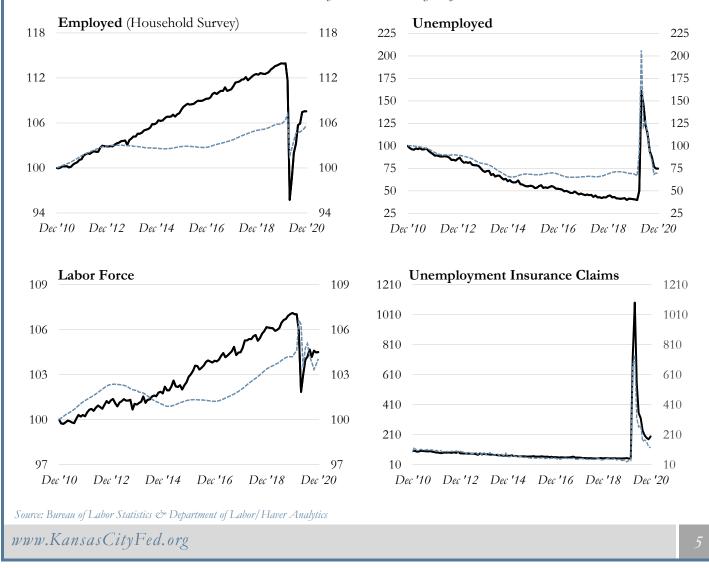
SELECTED EMPLOYMENT INDICATORS

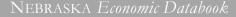


Payroll Emp Seasonally A	•		
121	United States Nebraska		
114			
	Decem	nber 2020	
107		United States	Nebraska
V.	Jobs (Thousands)	142,624.0	1,009.8
100	Change from Last Year (Thousands)	(9,374.0)	-24.1
93	Share of U.S. Employm	lent	0.7%

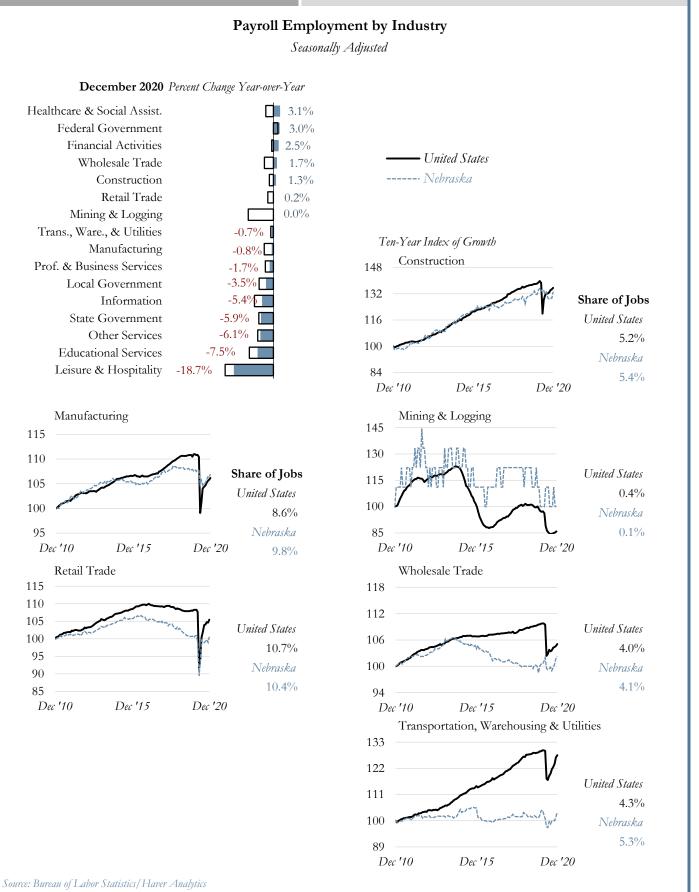
Labor Force Dynamics

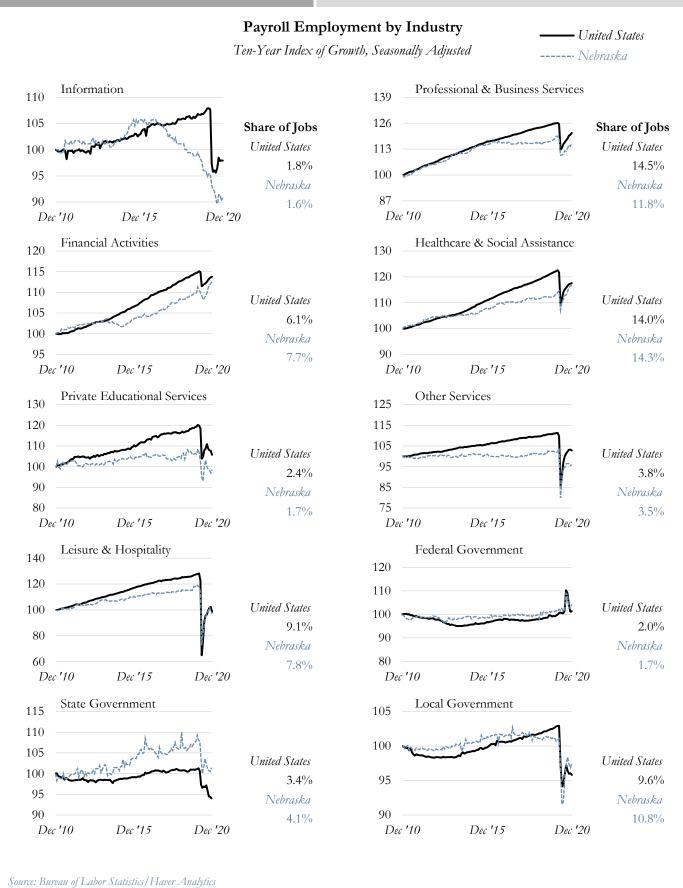
Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted

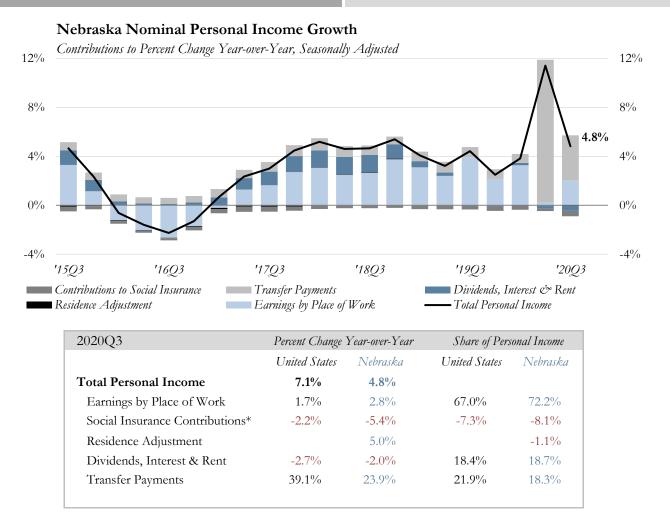




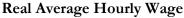
SELECTED EMPLOYMENT INDICATORS

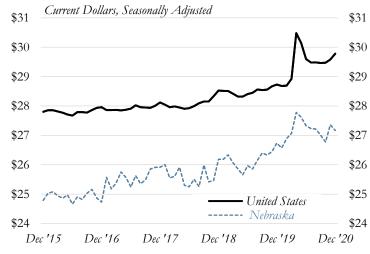






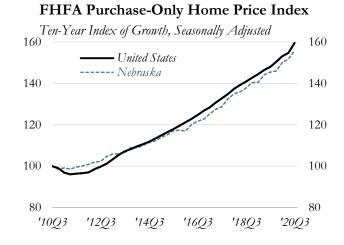
*Subtracted from personal income.



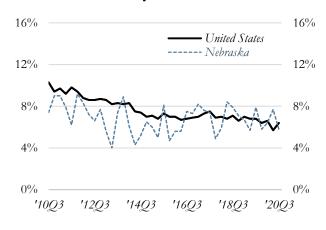


December 2020				
Average	United States	Nebraska		
Hourly Wage	\$29.78	\$27.16		
Real Change from				

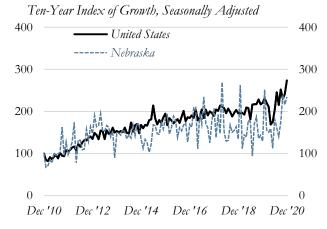
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis & Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics



Rental Vacancy Rates

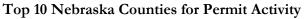


Housing Permits

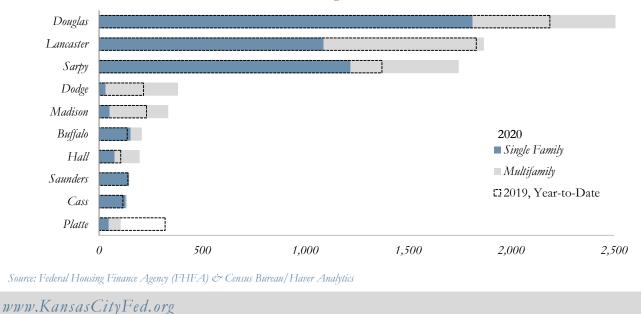


Summary	Statistics	
	United States	Nebraska
Prices (2020Q3)*	7.8%	7.1%
Vacancy Rates (2020Q3)	6.4%	5.8%
Permits (Year-to-Date)*		
Single Family	14.5%	23.6%
Multifamily	-8.2%	16.4%

^{*}Percent change year-over-year.



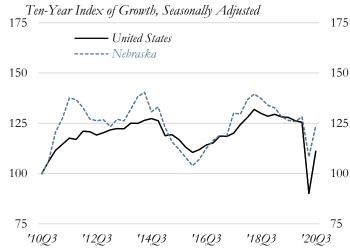
Year-to-Date through December



SELECTED HOUSING INDICATORS

SELECTED TRADE INDICATORS

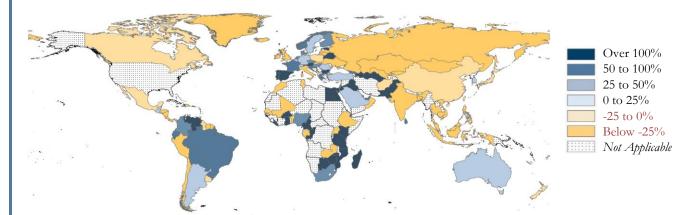
Global Exports



2020Q3					
	United States	Nebraska			
Exports (Millions)	\$356,630.5	\$1,798.6			
Change from					
Last Quarter	23.3%	14.4%			
Last Year (year-to-date)	-15.3%	-7.0%			
Share of U.S. Activity		0.5%			

2019			
Exports as a	United States	Nebraska	
Percent of GDP	7.7%	5.7%	

Nebraska Exports Year-to-Date through 2020Q3 Percent Change Year-over-Year



Тор	Markets	Share
1	Mexico	22.6%
2	Canada	19.9
3	Japan	10.8
4	China*	9.8
5	South Korea	5.8
6	Brazil	3.1
7	Australia	2.9
8	France	2.2
9	Netherlands	2.1
10	Germany	2.0

Top Exports Share 37.9% 1 Food 2 Chemicals & Rare Earth Metals 14.6 Agriculture & Livestock 3 14.0 4 Machinery (Except Electrical) 11.4 5 Misc. Manufactures 4.0 Transportation Equip. 3.7 6 7 Computers & Electronics 3.0 8 Oil & Gas 2.6 9 Fabricated Metal Products 1.8 10 Electronic Equip. & Appliances 1.5

*China includes Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Macao.

Source: Census Bureau, WISERTrade & Bureau of Economic Analysis/Haver Analytics

Pages 2 - 4: County unemployment rates typically lag state data releases by one month. Gray bars show recessionary periods as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The "official" and most commonly reported unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed workers divided by the total civilian labor force. These data are reported from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Population Survey, or commonly called the "Household" survey.

Page 5: Nonfarm employment data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Employment Survey are commonly called "Payroll" employment data. Estimates from this survey are revised throughout the year and a major revision or "benchmark" of the data occurs in March of each year. "Payroll" and "Household" surveys are released monthly, providing the most current estimates of employment published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Because methodologies differ between surveys, employment estimates also differ. For more information, visit:

http://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces_cps_trends.pdf

Initial claims show monthly applications for initial claims for state unemployment insurance benefits.

Pages 6 and 7: Payroll employment by industry is shown for each of the major two-digit North American Industrial Classification System industries.

Page 8: Personal income provides a measure of all income received by residents of a given geographic area. Data shown are in nominal terms (not adjusted for inflation). Transfer payments include social benefits such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. Contributions to social insurance are subtracted from personal income. These contributions include taxes paid by businesses and employees that support social insurance programs such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. The residence adjustment adds income received outside of a recipient's state of residence and makes a corresponding subtraction from the area where this income was earned or received. Real average hourly wages are calculated as total earnings divided by total employment for a given geographic area. Data are adjusted for inflation using the consumer price index for all urban areas (CPI-U) and are indexed to the most current month of data.

Page 9: Home price indices estimate regional growth in home values based on repeat sales data for detached single family residential properties. Monthly single and multifamily housing permits data are not revised and therefore may not sum to published year-end totals.

Page 10: Exports measure the total physical movement of a given product from the United States to a foreign country.

Data Revisions

Most data are revised periodically to correct for errors and incorporate additional information as it becomes available. Data shown in this report are subject to change.

Seasonal Adjustments

Most data are seasonally adjusted to remove variance caused by seasonal fluctuations in economic activity. Data in this report show the seasonal adjustments of data publishers where available. In other cases, Census X-12 adjustments were applied.

Regional Economic Analysis

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