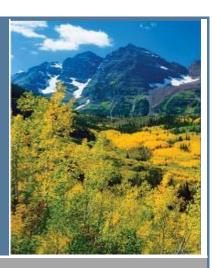
# THE Colorado ECONOMIC DATABOOK

A summary of regional economic indicators for the state of Colorado



FEBRUARY 8, 2021

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of KANSAS CITY

#### SUMMARY OF CURRENT COLORADO ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

After months of consistent job gains, Colorado experienced its first decline in payroll employment since the onset of the pandemic, and ended the fourth quarter of 2020 with an unemployment rate of 8.4 percent. However, the number of Colorado workers in the labor force has rebounded to pre-pandemic levels, adding roughly 91,000 more labor force participants relative to the end of the third quarter. Declines in employment were primarily driven by job losses in the leisure and hospitality industry, amounting to roughly 36,000 jobs lost relative to the previous quarter. Conversely, employment in retail trade, manufacturing and professional services sectors returned to pre-pandemic levels. Mining and logging continues to experience persistent declines in employment.

This databook provides current economic indicators to help monitor trends and allow comparison of past information. These indicators include employment; employment by industry; county and state unemployment; personal income; home prices; housing indicators; manufacturing activity; oil, gas and coal production; and exports. These indicators can be found on the following pages.



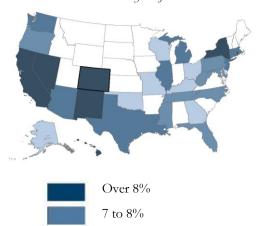
Nicholas Sly is Assistant Vice President and Denver Branch Executive. In this role, Sly is the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City's regional economist representing the Bank in Colorado, Wyoming and in northern New Mexico. He serves as the lead officer in the Denver Branch and is responsible for briefing the President of the Kansas City Fed on economic conditions in the Rocky Mountain states within the Tenth District.

## **Unemployment Rates**

Seasonally Adjusted

# December 2020 Unemployment Rates

Seasonally Adjusted

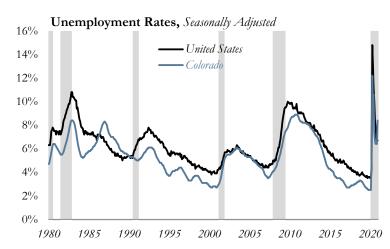


6 to 7%

5 to 6%

Under 5%

December 2020			
	United States	Colorado	
Unemployment Rate	6.7%	8.4%	
Unemployment Rate, Last Year	3.6%	2.5%	



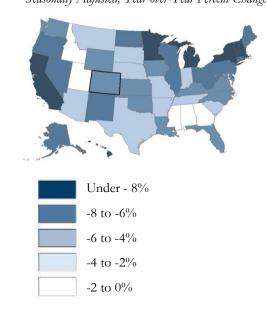
Note: Gray bars indicate recession.

#### Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted

#### December 2020 Payroll Employment

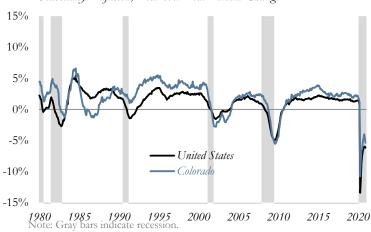
Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



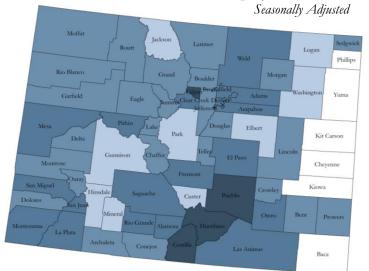
December 2020			
	United States	Colorado	
Jobs (Thousands)	142,624.0	2,662.6	
Change from Last Year	-6.2%	-5.4%	

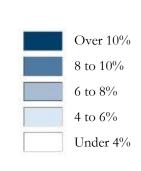
#### Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted, Year-over-Year Percent Change



# December 2020 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force





		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
	United States	6.7%	160,567.0	25	Archuleta	8.4	7.3
	Colorado	8.4	3,212.6	26	Teller	8.4	13.2
1	Gilpin	11.8	4.1	27	Eagle	8.4	33.8
2	Pueblo	11.7	79.8	28	Lake	8.2	4.6
3	Huerfano	11.0	2.7	29	Montezuma	8.2	12.7
4	Clear Creek	10.6	6.4	30	Ouray	8.0	2.4
5	San Miguel	10.5	5.0	31	Larimer	8.0	206.5
6	Costilla	10.4	1.9	32	Montrose	7.9	21.9
7	Fremont	10.0	15.7	33	Delta	7.9	14.9
8	Denver	10.0	438.5	34	Crowley	7.8	1.5
9	Adams	9.8	285.3	35	San Juan	7.8	0.5
10	Las Animas	9.8	6.5	36	Garfield	7.8	31.1
11	Pitkin	9.6	11.0	37	Broomfield	7.8	41.2
12	La Plata	9.5	31.9	38	Chaffee	7.5	9.5
13	Arapahoe	9.5	380.9	39	Morgan	7.4	16.3
14	Saguache	9.4	3.6	40	Boulder	7.4	194.9
15	El Paso	9.3	354.2	41	Prowers	7.2	6.6
16	Summit	9.0	20.3	42	Moffat	6.9	7.3
17	Weld	8.8	174.0	43	Rio Blanco	6.9	3.1
18	Mesa	8.7	80.2	44	Douglas	6.8	197.9
19	Otero	8.7	8.5	45	Mineral	6.7	0.4
20	Routt	8.7	16.0	46	Dolores	6.7	1.2
21	Rio Grande	8.7	5.6	47	Conejos	6.7	4.1
22	Alamosa	8.5	8.8	48	Bent	6.7	2.0
23	Jefferson	8.5	347.1	49	Logan	6.5	11.2
24	Grand	8.4	8.7	50	Lincoln	6.5	2.4

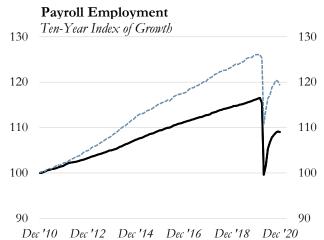
# December 2020 Unemployment Rates & Civilian Labor Force

Seasonally Adjusted

		Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)			Percent Unemployed	Labor Force (Thousands)
51	Sedgwick	6.4	1.1	58	Washington	4.3	2.9
52	Custer	6.3	2.1	59	Yuma	4.1	5.3
53	Park	6.2	11.4	60	Phillips	3.5	2.5
54	Gunnison	6.1	11.2	61	Kiowa	3.4	1.0
55	Hinsdale	5.9	0.4	62	Cheyenne	3.4	1.2
56	Jackson	5.6	1.0	63	Kit Carson	3.3	4.4
57	Elbert	5.6	15.4	64	Baca	3.2	2.2

#### Payroll Employment

Seasonally Adjusted

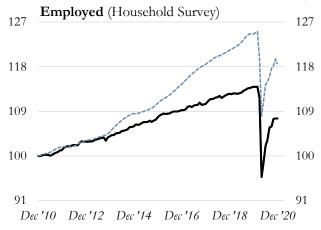


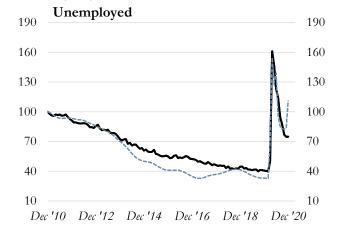


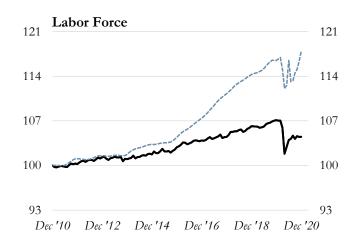
December 2020			
	United States	Colorado	
Jobs (Thousands)	142,624.0	2,662.6	
Change from Last Year	(9,374.0)	-150.9	
(Thousands)			
Share of U.S. Employm	ient	1.9%	

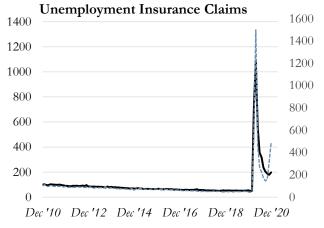
#### **Labor Force Dynamics**

Ten-Year Index of Growth, Seasonally Adjusted







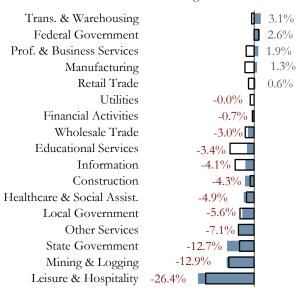


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics & Department of Labor/Haver Analytics

## Payroll Employment by Industry

Seasonally Adjusted

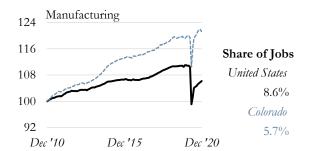
#### December 2020 Percent Change Year-over-Year

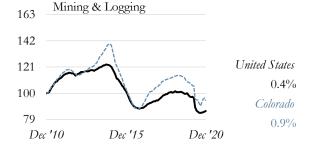


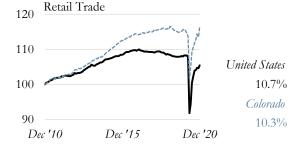


United States

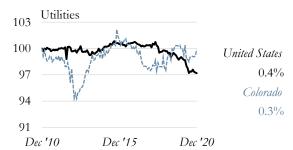
---- Colorado



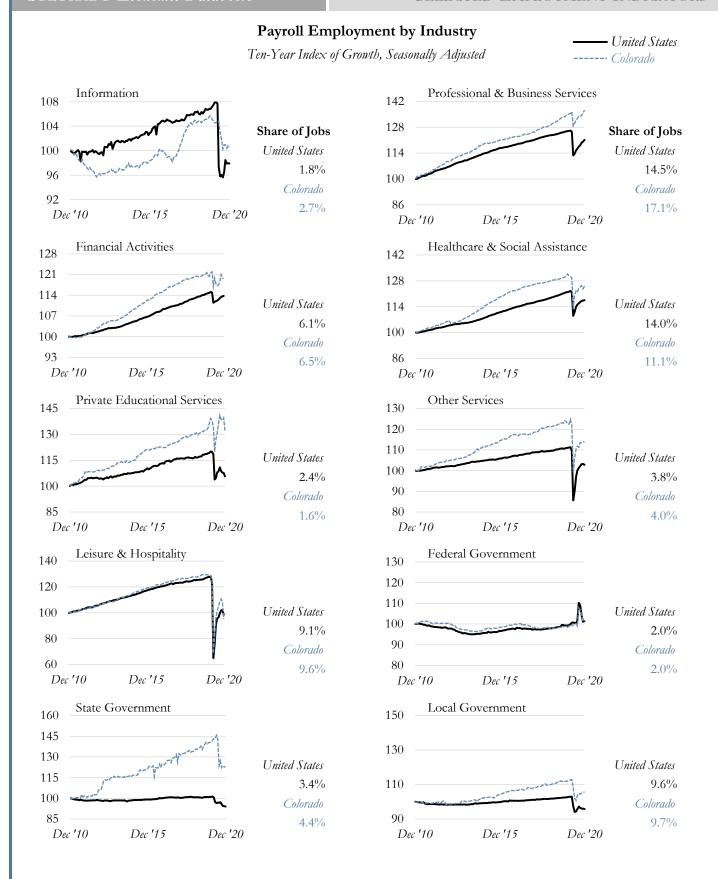




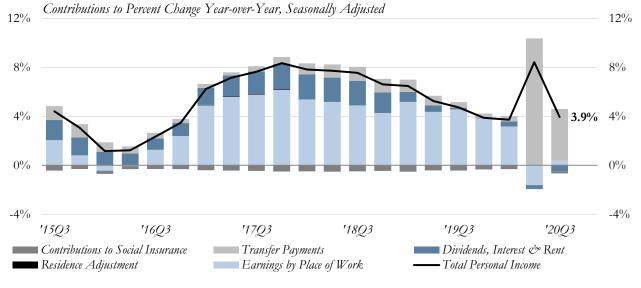








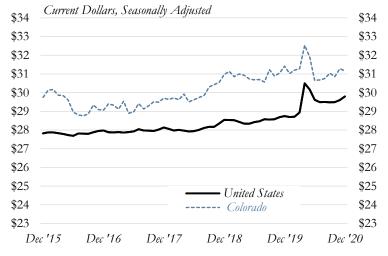
#### Colorado Nominal Personal Income Growth



2020Q3	Percent Change Year-over-Year		Share of Personal Income	
	United States	Colorado	United States	Colorado
Total Personal Income	7.1%	3.9%		
Earnings by Place of Work	1.7%	0.5%	67.0%	70.1%
Social Insurance Contributions*	-2.2%	-2.3%	-7.3%	-7.5%
Residence Adjustment		-0.2%		0.4%
Dividends, Interest & Rent	-2.7%	-2.3%	18.4%	20.7%
Transfer Payments	39.1%	33.0%	21.9%	16.4%

<sup>\*</sup>Subtracted from personal income.

# Real Average Hourly Wage

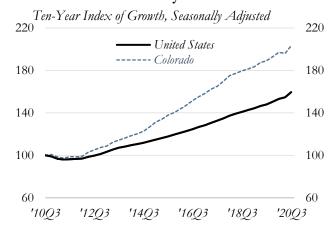


December 2020				
Average	erage United States			
Hourly Wage	\$29.80	\$31.17		
Real Change from	n			
Last Month	0.7%	-0.3%		
Last Year	3.7%	-0.8%		

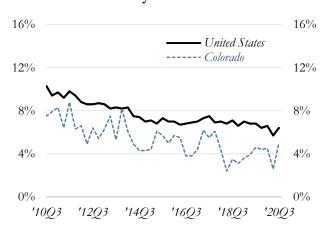
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis & Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

## SELECTED HOUSING INDICATORS

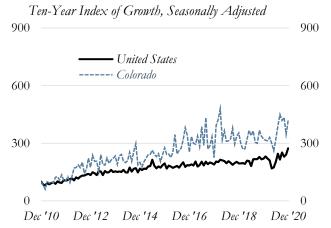
#### FHFA Purchase-Only Home Price Index



#### Rental Vacancy Rates



# **Housing Permits**

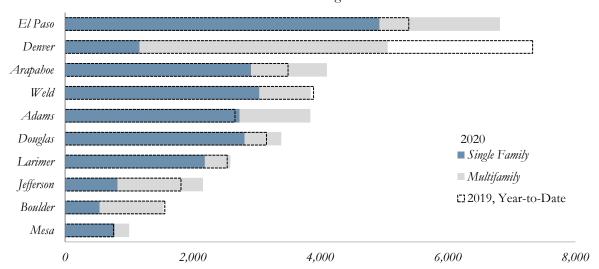


Summary Statistics			
	United States	Colorado	
Prices (2020Q3)*	7.8%	7.4%	
Vacancy Rates (2020Q3)	6.4%	5.0%	
Permits (Year-to-Date)*			
Single Family	14.5%	17.5%	
Multifamily	-8.2%	-0.4%	

<sup>\*</sup>Percent change year-over-year.

#### Top 10 Colorado Counties for Permit Activity

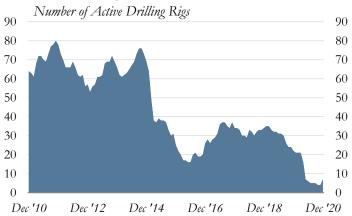
Year-to-Date through December



Source: Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) & Census Bureau/Haver Analytics

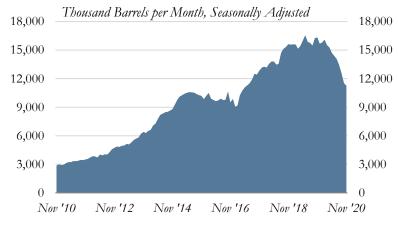
#### **Colorado Energy Activity**





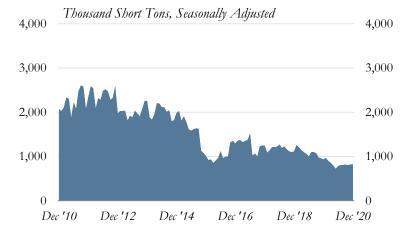
December 2020				
	United States	Colorado		
Rig Count	339	7		
Change from				
Last Month	29	3		
Last Year	-465	-15		
Share of U.S.	Activity	2.1%		

#### **Crude Oil Production**



Nov	vember 2020	
	United States	Colorado
Production	328,446	11,261
Change from		
Last Month	3.4%	-2.2%
Last Year	-13.6%	-31.1%
Share of U.S.	Activity	3.4%

#### **Coal Production**

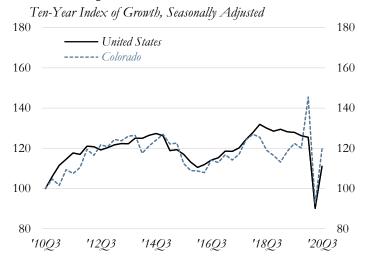


December 2020				
	United States	Colorado		
Production	45,615	824		
Change from				
Last Month	0.8%	0.4%		
Last Year	-13.1%	-11.8%		
Share of U.S.	Activity	1.8%		

Source: Baker Hughes & Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration/Haver Analytics

## SELECTED TRADE INDICATORS

#### **Global Exports**

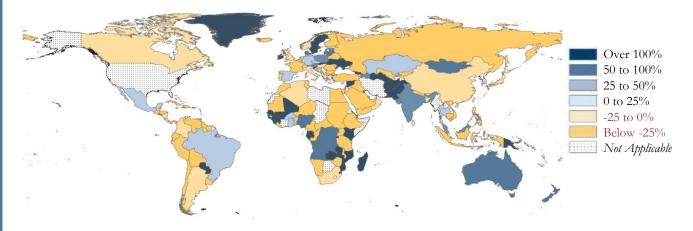


20200	Q3	
	United States	Colorado
Exports (Millions)	\$356,630.5	\$2,045.3
Change from		
Last Quarter	23.3%	29.8%
Last Year (year-to-date)	-15.3%	1.0%
Share of U.S. Activity		0.6%

2019				
Exports as a Percent of GDP	United States	Colorado 2.1%		

# Colorado Exports Year-to-Date through 2020Q3

Percent Change Year-over-Year



Top	Markets	Share
1	Canada	15.6%
2	Mexico	11.6
3	China*	9.8
4	Malaysia	6.7
5	South Korea	6.5
6	French Guiana	5.8
7	Japan	4.9
8	Germany	3.7
9	Netherlands	3.5
10	United Arab Emirate	3.2

To	op Exports	Share
1	Computers & Electronics	25.9%
2	Food	19.6
3	Machinery (except Electrical)	10.8
4	Transportation Equip.	8.5
5	Chemicals & Rare Earth Metals	7.7
6	Misc. Manufactures	5.5
7	Fabricated Metal Products	4.8
8	Nonmetallic Mineral Products	3.1
9	Plastics & Rubber Products	2.8
10	Electronic Equip. & Appliances	2.6

Source: Census Bureau, WISERTrade & Bureau of Economic Analysis/Haver Analytics

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Macao.

Pages 2 - 4: County unemployment rates typically lag state data releases by one month. Gray bars show recessionary periods as designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The "official" and most commonly reported unemployment rate is calculated as the number of unemployed workers divided by the total civilian labor force. These data are reported from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Population Survey, or commonly called the "Household" survey.

Pages 2 and 5: Nonfarm employment data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Employment Survey are commonly called "Payroll" employment data. Estimates from this survey are revised throughout the year and a major revision or "benchmark" of the data occurs in March of each year. "Payroll" and "Household" surveys are released monthly, providing the most current estimates of employment published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Because methodologies differ between surveys, employment estimates also differ. For more information, visit:

http://nww.bls.gov/web/empsit/ces\_cps\_trends.pdf
Initial claims show monthly applications for initial claims for state
unemployment insurance benefits.

Pages 6 and 7: Payroll employment by industry is shown for each of the major two-digit North American Industrial Classification System industries.

Page 8: Personal income provides a measure of all income received by residents of a given geographic area. Data shown are in nominal terms (not adjusted for inflation). Transfer payments include social benefits such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. Contributions to social insurance are subtracted from personal income. These contributions include taxes paid by businesses and employees that support social insurance programs such as unemployment insurance, Social Security, and Medicaid. The residence adjustment adds income received outside of a recipient's state of residence and makes a corresponding subtraction from the area where this income was earned or received. Real average hourly wages are calculated as total earnings divided by total employment for a given geographic area. Data are adjusted for inflation using the consumer price index for all urban areas (CPI-U) and are indexed to the most current month of data.

Page 9: Home price indices estimate regional growth in home values based on repeat sales data for detached single family residential properties. Monthly single and multifamily housing permits data are not revised, and therefore, may not sum to published year-end totals.

Page 10: The active rig count is the number of rigs actively exploring for or developing oil or natural gas. Rig counts provide an indicator of new drilling activity and potential for expanded crude oil or natural gas production. Coal production is shown as production during a given month.

Page 11: Exports measure the total physical movement of a given product from the United States to a foreign country.

#### **Data Revisions**

Most data are revised periodically to correct for errors and incorporate additional information as it becomes available. Data shown in this report are subject to change.

#### Seasonal Adjustments

Most data are seasonally adjusted to remove variance caused by seasonal fluctuations in economic activity. Data in this report show the seasonal adjustments of data publishers where available. In other cases, Census X-12 adjustments were applied.

# Regional Economic Analysis

Sign up to receive *The Colorado Economic Databook* and other publications each month via email using the link below:

http://www.KansasCityFed.org/ealert/

For regional economic analysis on the state of Colorado, read the latest issues of *The Rocky Mountain Economist*.

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